

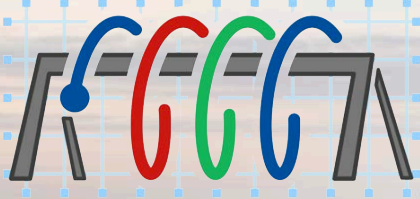
The spectrum of charmonium and glueballs: adding the light hadrons

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FOR 5269



FOR5269: Future methods for studying confined gluons in QCD

<https://confluence.desy.de/display/for5269>

Spokesperson: Francesco Knechtli

Main Goals:

- **Disconnected contributions in charmonium**
- String breaking in hybrid potentials
- **Glueballs in full dynamical QCD**
- **Multilevel algorithms for glueballs**
- Novel schemes for molecular dynamics
- **Connection of distillation and multi-grid**
- Multilevel Monte Carlo for trace estimation

Outline:

- Lattice Quantum Chromo Dynamics (LQCD)
- Hadron spectroscopy and Distillation
- New ensembles for glueball measurements
- Very preliminary results and outlook

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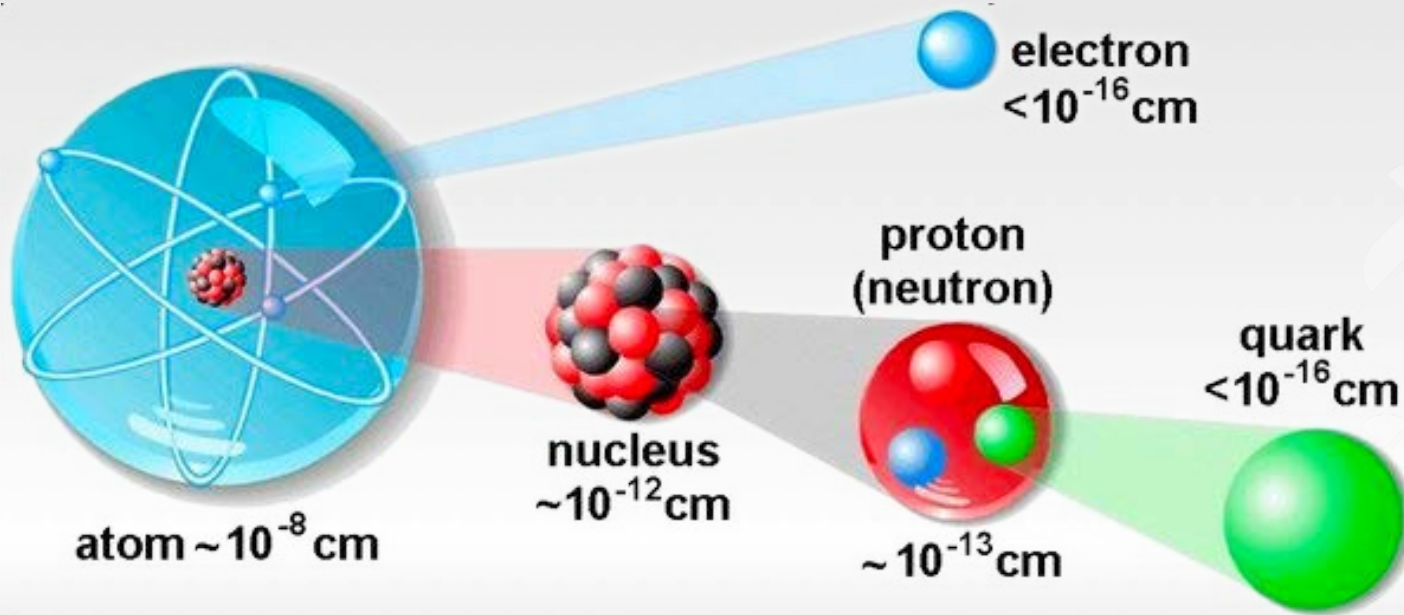
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Strong force: responsible for interactions between quarks and gluons

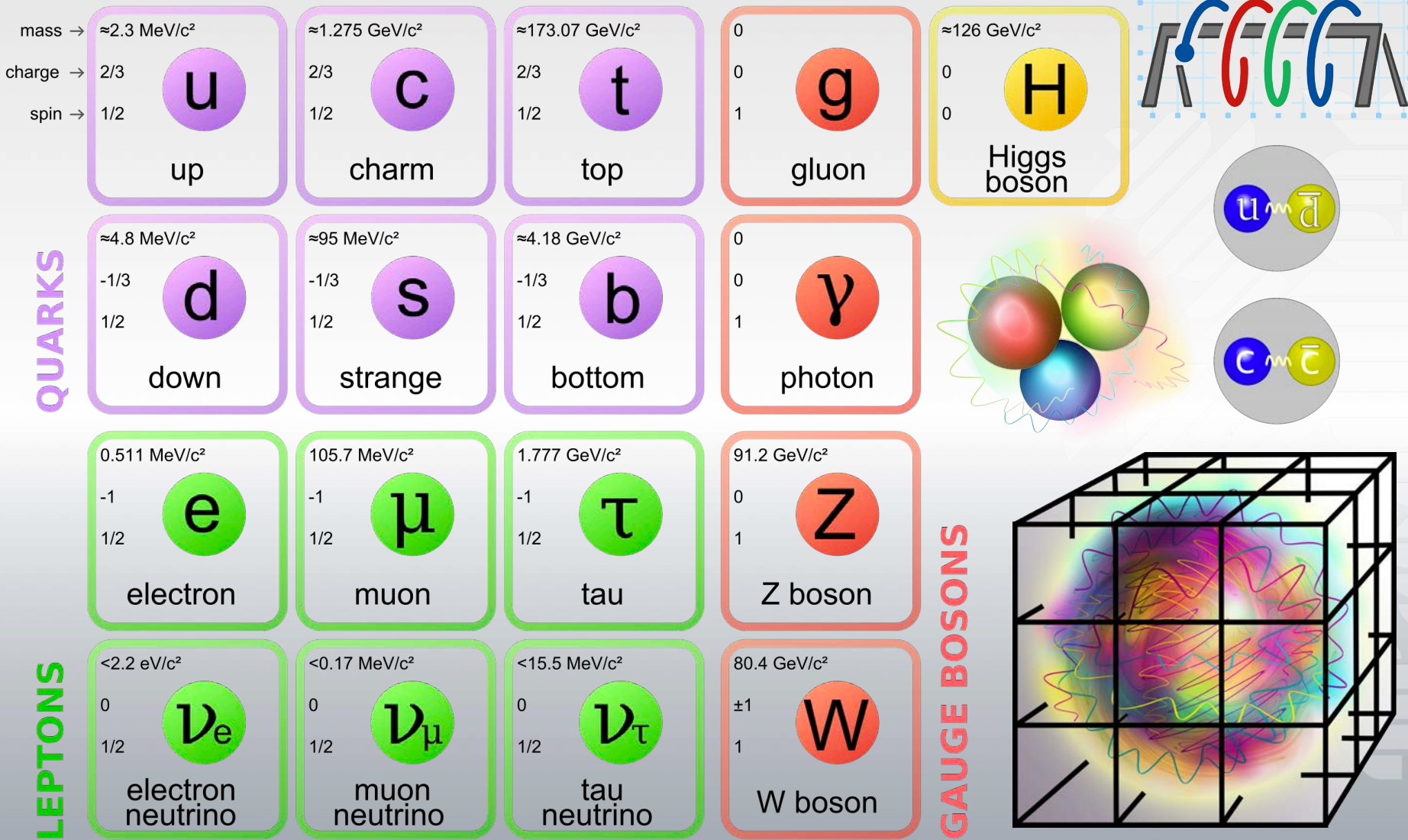
- confines quarks into hadrons (pion, proton, neutron, etc)
- binds protons and neutrons to form nuclei of the atoms

Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD):

- fundamental theory that describes the strong interactions
- parameters: quark masses and coupling constant

The Standard Model, Elementary Particles

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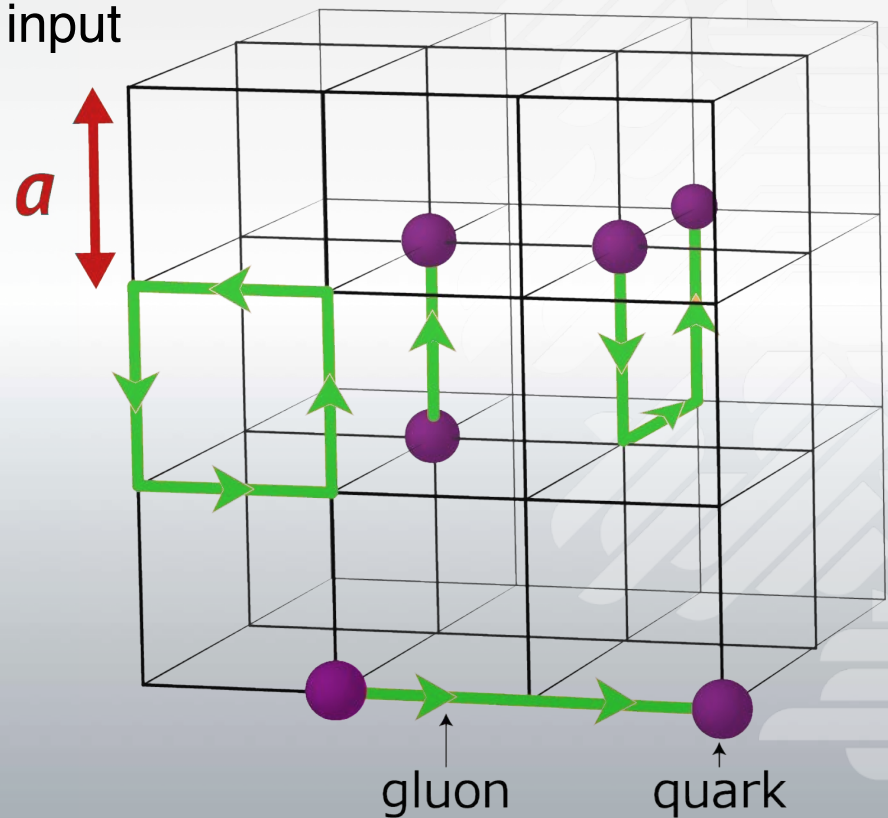
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Numerical simulations of QCD using Monte Carlo methods



- well-established framework for non-perturbative QCD
- ab-initio calculations, action only input
- discretization of space-time,
- introduce lattice spacing a
- gluons, link variables, par. trans.
- quarks, covariant derivatives
- Dirac operator, quark propagator
- discretized forms must reduce to continuum forms in the limit

$$a \rightarrow 0 \quad (L \rightarrow \infty)$$





Monte Carlo methods: statistical treatment of the theory

- create gluon configurations using QCD action
- average over configurations, error $\sim 1/\sqrt{N_{config}}$
- we need 1000s of (statistically independent) configurations
- **observables:** correlation functions in terms of ‘quark propagators’
- building block of hadronic measurements on the lattice
- inversion of the Dirac operator, most intensive part of calculations
- very large ($\sim 10^8 \times 10^8$), but sparse matrix (most elements zero)
- highly optimized algorithms with good scaling behavior

Distillation: quark field smearing with $N_v \sim O(10^2)$ Laplacian eigenmodes

- we need $4 \times N_v \times N_T$ inversions to get ‘quark perambulators’

$N_f = 3 + 1$ Lattice Ensembles

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3 degenerate light quarks (up, down, strange)

1 physical charm quark $\Rightarrow \eta_c \sim 3$ GeV

light : $m_\pi \sim 420$ MeV, heavy: $m_\pi \sim 1$ GeV, glueball ~ 2 GeV!

Coarse lattices: $a = 0.054$ fm @ $\beta = 3.24$

- A0 - light : $16^3 \times 72$
- A1 - light : $32^3 \times 96$
- A2 - light : $48^3 \times 128$

} light quark mass at physical average
 \Rightarrow many decay channels for glueballs!

- A0 - heavy : $24^3 \times 72$
- A1 - heavy : $32^3 \times 96$
- A2 - heavy : $48^3 \times 128$

} - 2000 configurations each (8000 MDUs)
- eigenmodes on every 4th configuration
 \Rightarrow 500 charm and light perambulators
 \Rightarrow glueball can only decay into two pions!

Fine lattice: $a = 0.043$ fm @ $\beta = 3.43$

- B - light : $48^3 \times 144$

R. Hoellwieser et al., Eur. Phys. J. C **80** (2020) no.4. 349

New glueball ensembles, preliminary results

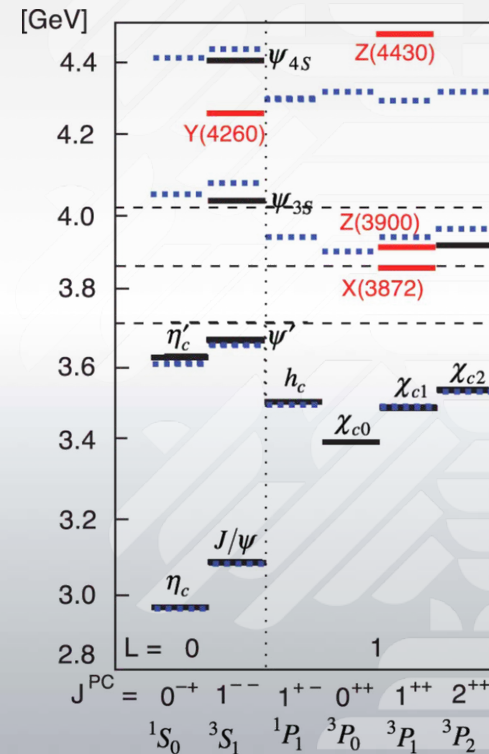
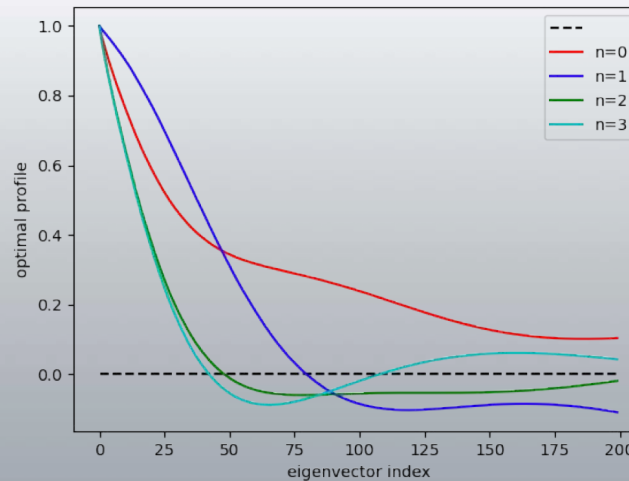
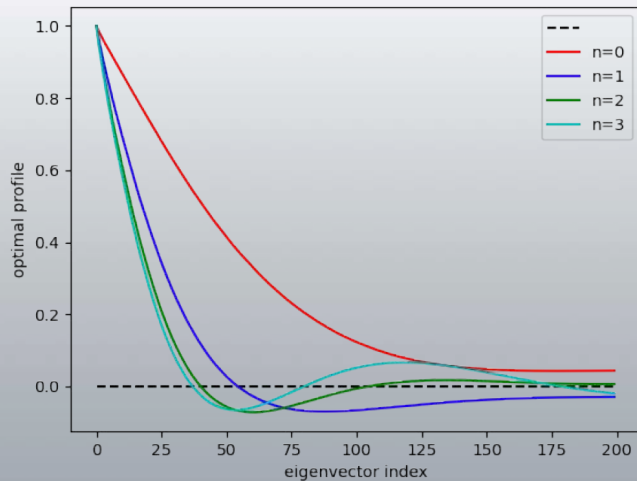
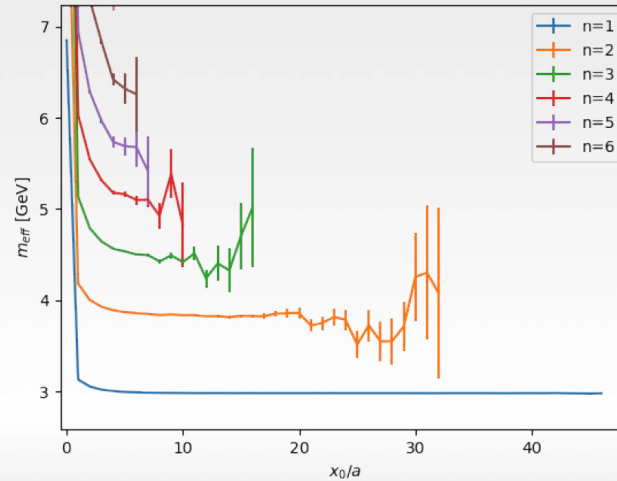
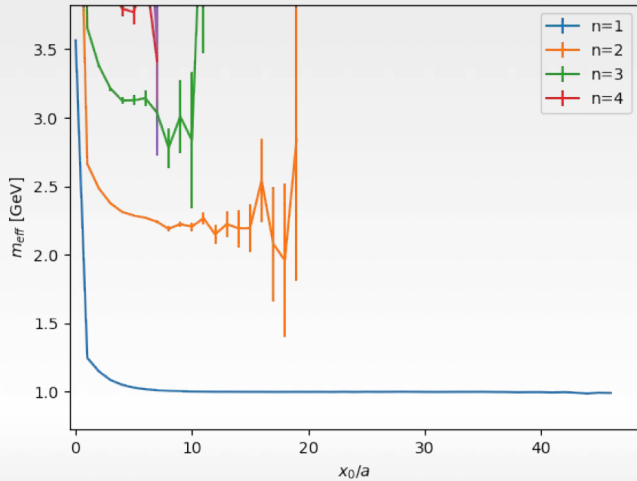
| name | A10 | A11 | A12 |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| volume | $24^3 \times 72$ | $32^3 \times 96$ | $48^3 \times 144$ |
| P_{acc} | 0.971(1) | 0.947(1) | 0.924(2) |
| configs | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| MDUs | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 |
| #eigenvectors | 100 | 200 | 600 / 300 |
| perambulatorT | 20-52 | 24-72 | 30-114 |
| done | 500 | 500 | 50 |
| t_0/a^2 | 5.115(30) | 5.074(16) | 5.1093(79) |
| τ_{t_0} | 34(12) | 40(14) | 54(22) |
| $\chi^{1/4}$ [MeV] | 146(1) | 148(1) | 147(1) |
| m_π [MeV] | 1002(4) | 1000(2) | 998(2) |
| m_{a_0} [MeV] | 1786(41) | 1795(25) | |
| m_{η_c} [MeV] | 2979(3) | 2980(1) | 2976(3) |
| $m_{\chi_{c0}}$ [MeV] | 3541.5(6.0) | 3542.7(4.6) | |
| "glueball" 0^{++} | 2090(310) | 2120(140) | |

preliminary, only gluonic observables, no decays!!!

New glueball ensembles, measurements, costs...

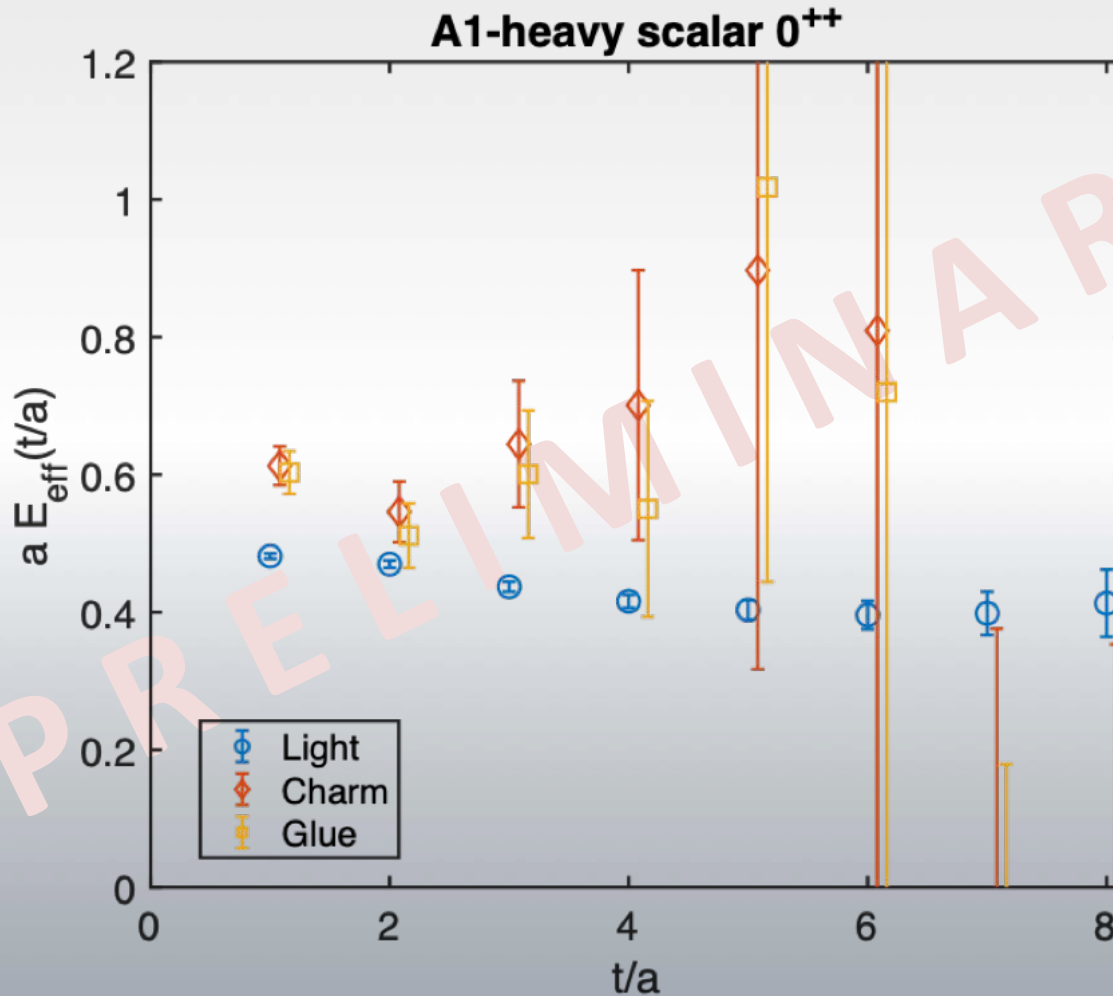
| name | A10 | A11 | A12 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| volume | $24^3 \times 72$ | $32^3 \times 96$ | $48^3 \times 144$ |
| cores | 576 | 768(792) | 2304 |
| core-h / traj. | 62 | 215 | 1460 |
| core-h / rwf. | 5 | 19 | 106 |
| core-h / mass | 2 | 9 | 74 |
| core-h / eigen | 12 | 79 | 879 / 439 |
| core-h / perc | 355 | 2932 | - / 40k |
| core-h / perl | 864 | 7681 | - / 114k |
| core-h / cfg. | 1362 | 11150 | 3100 |
| core-h total | 1M | 6M | 7M + 3M |
| size cfg. [GB] | 0.54 | 1.7 | 8.6 |
| size evs. [GB] | 4.5 | 28 | 427 / 213 |
| size per. [GB] | 1.4 | 12 | 336 / 84 |
| tot. / cfg. [GB] | 8 | 54 | 1108 / 390 |

Solve generalized eigenvalue problem (GEVP) to access excited states on A1 - heavy ($32^3 \times 96$) for, e.g., the pion ($\bar{q}q$, left) and η_c ($\bar{c}c$, right)



Hosaka et al., 2016

Glueballs from Laplacian eigenvalue correlators, work in progress...



Development and tests of multi-grid and GPU codes

Test runs on **SuperMUC** and **Jureca** (GPU) using (light) ensemble B ($48^3 \times 144$)

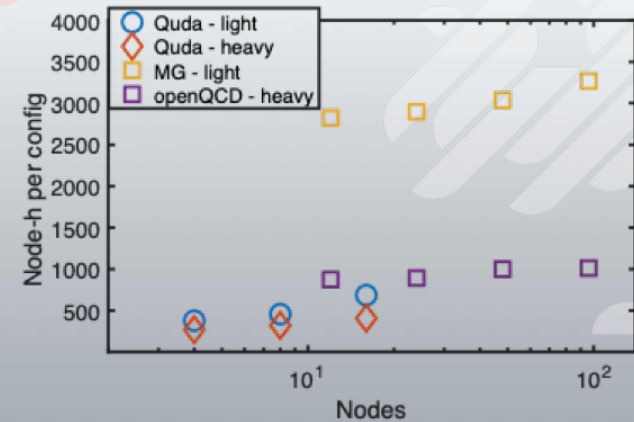
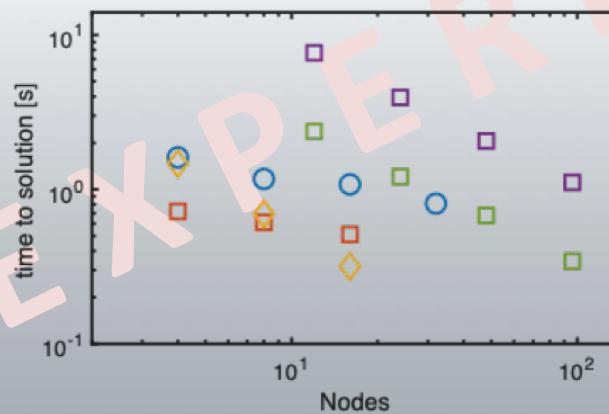
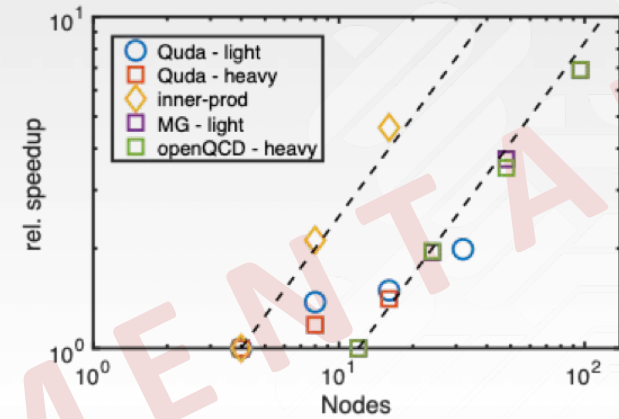
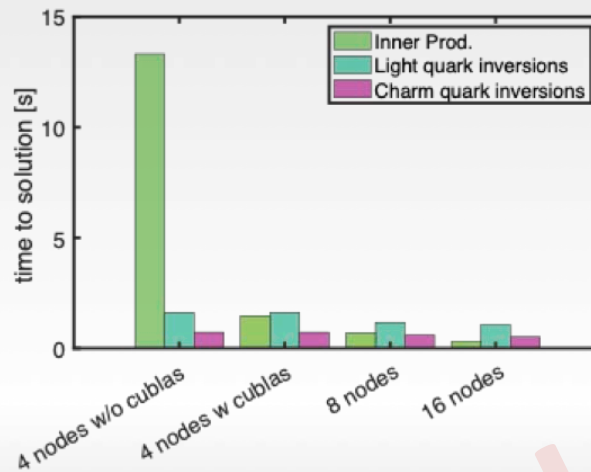
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NHR FAU

32 MEGWARE GPU ML Nodes
64 AMD EPYC™ 7713
256 NVIDIA® A100 SXM4 GPUs

4.992 PFlops R_{PEAK} (GPU-only)

38 MEGWARE GPU MD Nodes
76 AMD EPYC™ 7713
304 NVIDIA® A40 PCIe GPUs



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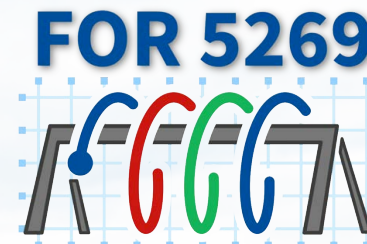
Conclusions

New $N_f = 3 + 1$ lattice ensembles

- $a=0.054\text{fm}$, $24^3 \times 72$, $32^3 \times 96$ and $48^3 \times 128$
- $m_\pi \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$, physical charm $m_{\eta_c} \sim 3 \text{ GeV}$
- 2000 configurations each (8000 MDUs)
- eigenmodes on every 4th configuration
- 500 charm and light perambulators
- glueball can only decay into two pions

Outlook

- mixing of charmonium with light hadrons and glueballs
- study glueballs via Lüscher analysis
- working on multilevel glueball operators in full QCD
- working on multi-grid and GPU codes



Many Thanks from Wuppertal
to NHR@FAU Erlangen!!!
Thank you for your attention!



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