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# **PIKA: Continuous Job Performance Monitoring**

NHR Monitoring Workshop 2022 07/18/2022 to 07/19/2022, Erlangen



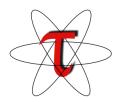
#### **Motivation**

- Performance is crucial for HPC
- Therefore measurement, analysis and validation also important
- Numerous established tools available
- Problem solved?
- ... for those who are aware of the problem
- Active preparation needed
- Not continuous for all jobs of all users























#### **Motivation**

- Several commercial, community and sitespecific monitoring solutions already exist
- Most systems provide a system view
- A few are job-aware and track performance data like Flop/s (only applies for site-specific solutions)
- Existing site-specific monitoring systems are complex and difficult to adapt to other sites



Visualization of cluster utilization in Grafana





### **PIKA: Continuous Job Performance Monitoring**

- Non-intrusive data acquisition on all cluster nodes
- Continuous data collection
- Web frontend for live and post-mortem visualization
- Detection of pathological jobs
- Automatic job analysis and classification
- Long-term data storage

Funded by the DFG project ProPE, continued as part of NHR@TUD at ZIH.







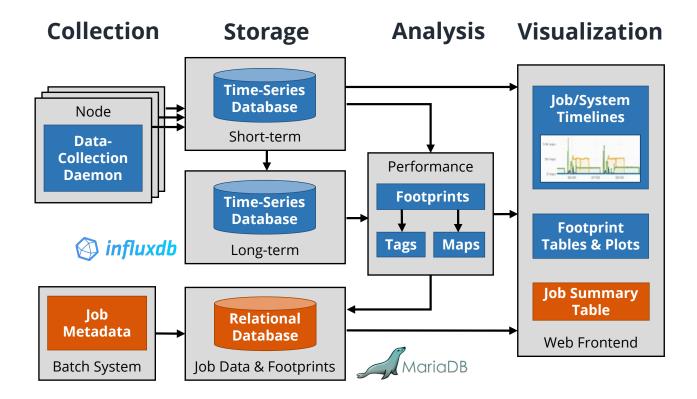
### **PIKA**







#### **PIKA Architecture Overview**







#### **PIKA Metadata Collection**

#### **Slurm PrEp Plugin** to capture the following job metadata:

- Unique job identifier, ArrayID
- Project, user, job name
- Start and end time, walltime
- Status (running, completed, timeout, failed, OOM, cancelled)
- Requested resources
  - Partition
  - Allocated compute nodes
  - Allocated CPUs on each node
  - Exclusive nodes
  - GPUs per node
  - Job script







#### **PIKA Metadata Storage**

Job metadata is stored in MariaDB (relational database) on a separate service node.

- Several indexes to improve query performance
- Statistics (September 2018 until today)
  - About 33 million jobs
  - About 12 GB of disk memory (six indices)
  - Job-specific query takes about 1ms







#### **PIKA Runtime Data Collection**

Monitored Metrics	Data Source
Instructions per Cycle (IPC) FLOPS (SP Normalized) Main Memory Bandwidth Power Consumption	LIKWID
CPU Usage Main Memory Utilization Network Bandwidth	proc & sysfs
File I/O Bandwidth & Metadata	Local disk, Filesystems (Lustre, BeeGFS)
GPU Usage GPU Memory Utilization GPU Power Consumption GPU Temperature	NVML

#### Collection daemon collectd

- One collector/plugin for each metric source
- CPU counters are collected with LIKWID







### PIKA Runtime Data Storage with InfluxDB

Each metric value is tagged with timestamp, hostname as well as CPU or GPU

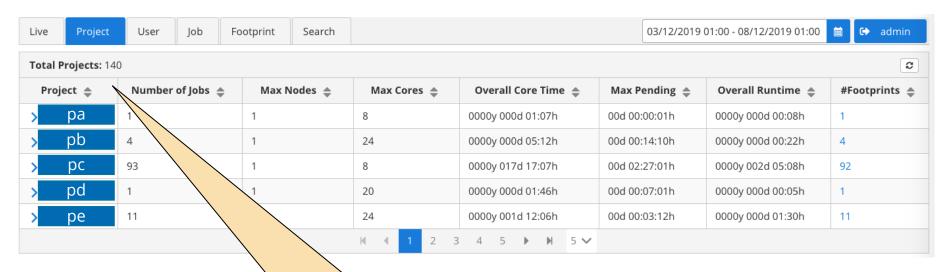
- Short-term storage
  - Retention policy: data older than 4 weeks is deleted
  - Shard length: 7 days
  - Complete shards are backed up and imported in long-term database
  - Requires SSD to handle more than 2K nodes
  - About 36GB of disk memory
- Long-term storage
  - No retention policy
  - Shard length: 7 days
  - Ceph filesystem
  - About 9GB per week → 0.5TB per year







### **PIKA Job Visualization – Tables**

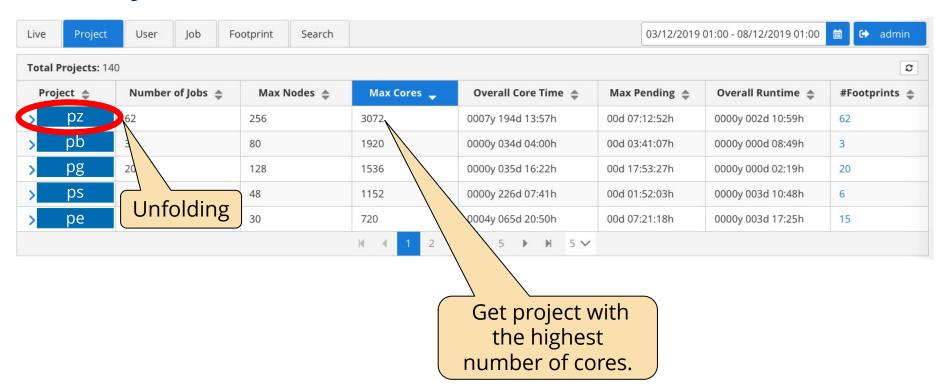


Jobs of 140 projects have been recorded for the selected time interval (top right).





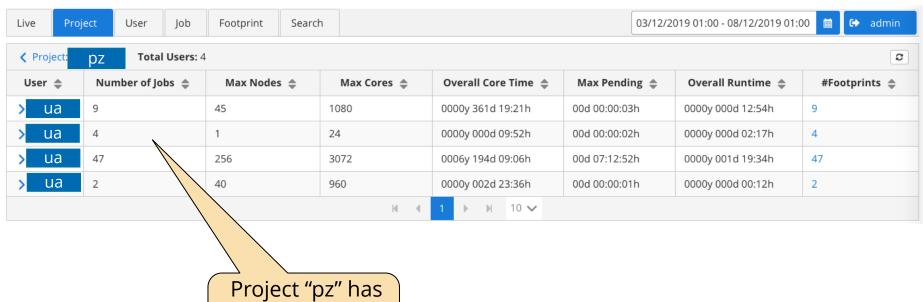
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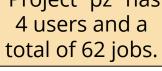






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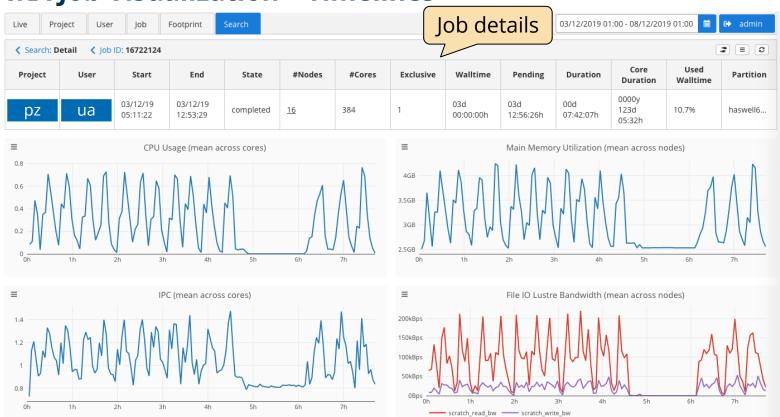








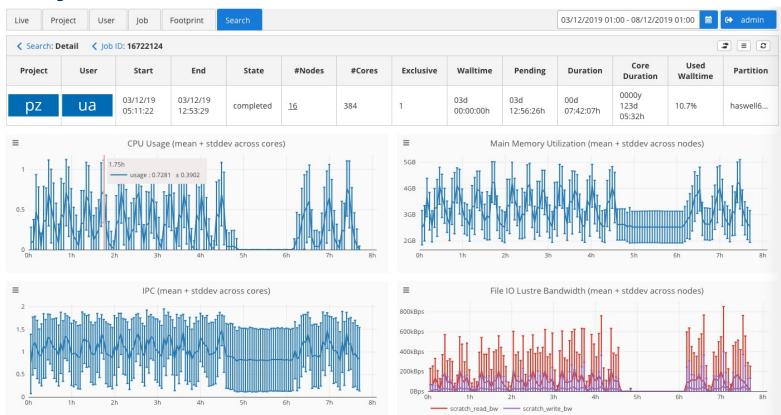
**PIKA Job Visualization – Timelines** 







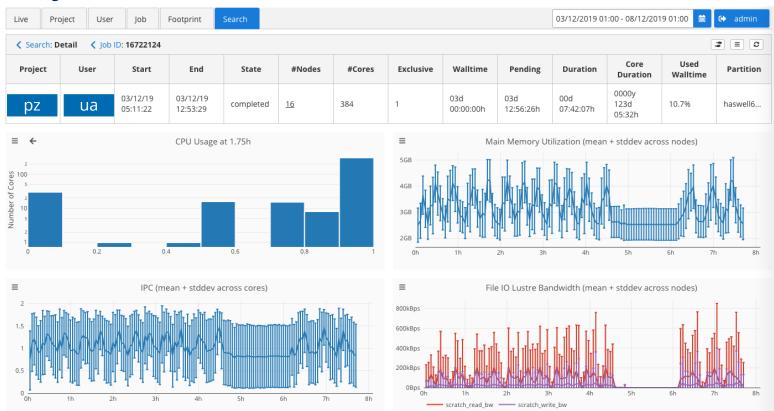
### **PIKA Job Visualization – Timelines**







### **PIKA Job Visualization – Timelines**







### **PIKA Post Processing**

#### Job characterization via tagging

- Footprints based on summarized runtime data
  - Average (CPU and GPU usage, IPC, FLOPS, main memory bandwidth, CPU and GPU power, InfiniBand traffic)
  - Total (file IO read/write)
  - Maximum (host and GPU memory usage)
- Job tags based on formulas and thresholds

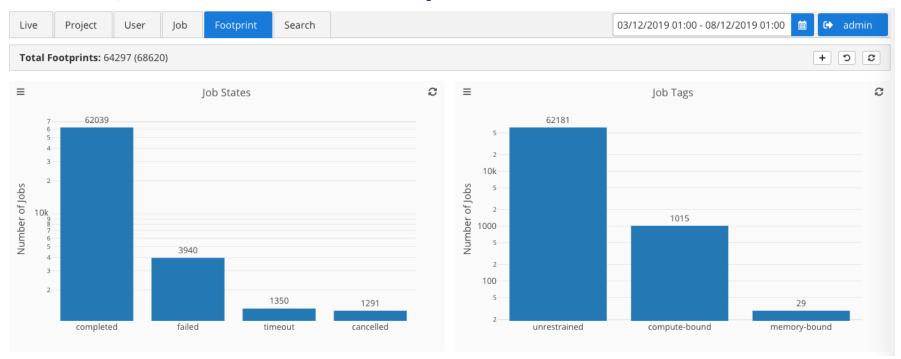
Tag Name	Formula and Threshold
unrestrained	-
memory-bound	${ m memory\ bandwidth\ (measured)\over memory\ bandwidth\ (maximum)}>80\%$
compute-bound	$\frac{FLOP/s~({\tt measured})}{FLOP/s~({\tt maximum})} > 70\%~{\rm or}~\frac{IPC~({\tt measured})}{IPC~({\tt optimal})} > 60\%$
GPU-bound	GPU utilization $> 70\%$ or GPU utilization $>$ CPU utilization
IO-heavy	$rac{ ext{IO bandwidth (measured)}}{ ext{IO bandwidth (maximum)}} > 60\%$
network-heavy	${ m network\ bandwidth\ (measured)\over network\ bandwidth\ (maximum)}>60\%$

**Automatic detection of job performance issues** based on metadata (requested resources) and raw runtime data analysis (still in development)





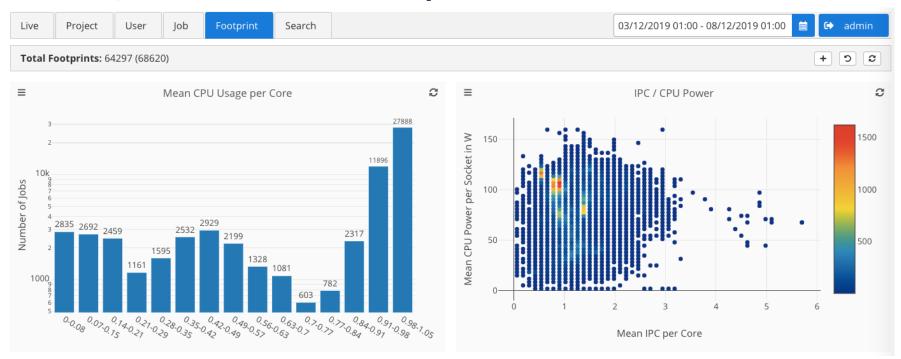
## **PIKA Job Visualization – Footprints**







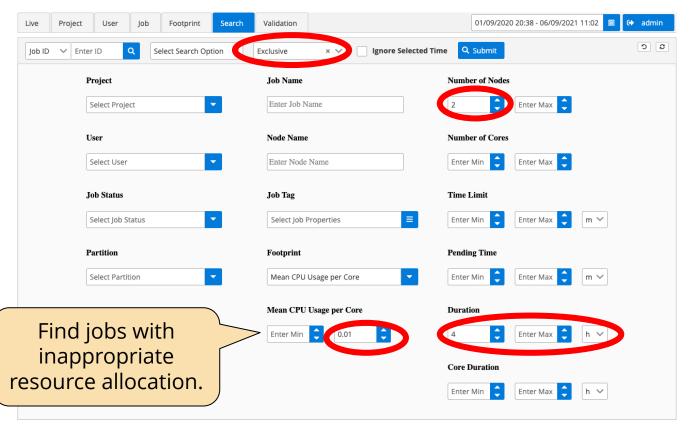
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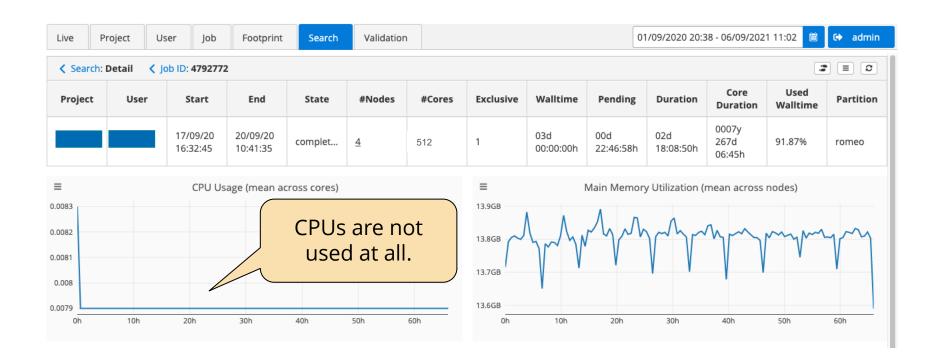
#### **PIKA Filter Mask**







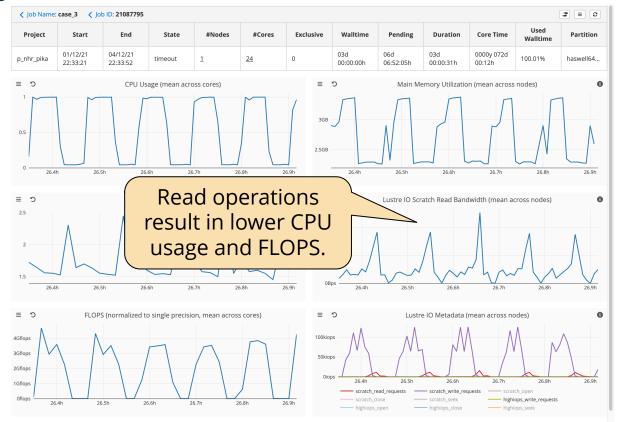
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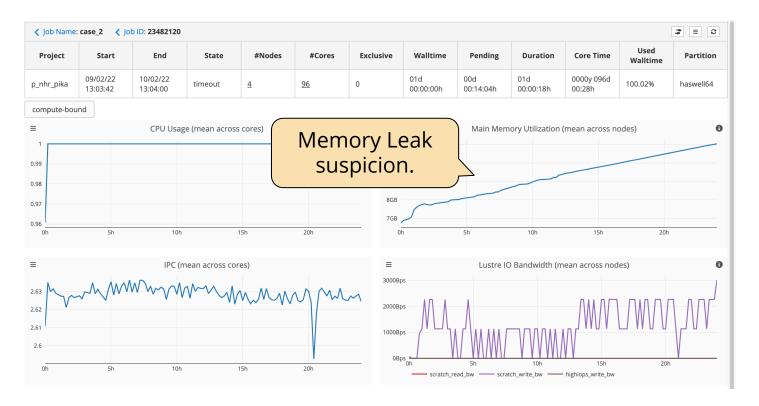
### **PIKA Job Performance Issues**







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#### **PIKA Demo**

https://hpcmon.zih.tu-dresden.de/nhr

User / Password: TBA





#### Conclusion

**PIKA** is a hardware performance monitoring stack in order to identify potentially inefficient jobs.

- Metric Data Collector: An extension of the collection daemon collectd to record metric data on each compute node
- Job Metadata Collector: Centralized capture of job metadata for both exclusive and shared jobs using a Slurm PrEp Plugin
- Frontend: Powerful interactive GUI with top-down approach
- Post-processing: Python analysis scripts for job tagging and automatic detection of job performance issues

PIKA uses **InfluxDB** to store metric data and **MariaDB** to store job metadata. Most of the above components are available as **docker containers** and **RPM packages**.





#### Conclusion

- Continuous job performance monitoring is important
- Easy access to prepared performance data for projects, users and jobs
- Performance overview for admins, easy scan for pathological / suboptimal jobs
- Allows targeted consulting offers

Paper: R. Dietrich, F. Winkler, A. Knüpfer and W. Nagel, "PIKA: Center-Wide and Job-Aware Cluster Monitoring," 2020 IEEE International Conference on Cluster Computing (CLUSTER), Kobe, Japan, 2020, pp. 424-432.

PIKA available as open source software at → https://gitlab.hrz.tu-chemnitz.de/pika







